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# Heat Capacity, Density, Vapor Pressure, and Enthalpy of Vaporization of Propyl Cinnamate

导师签字

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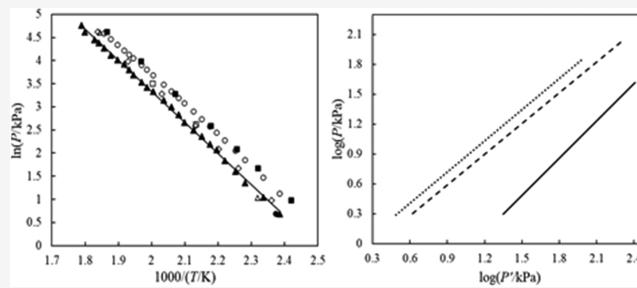
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**ABSTRACT:** The density and liquid heat capacity of propyl cinnamate were measured in the temperature range from 290.15 to 503.15 K by a pycnometer and automatic adiabatic calorimeter and correlated with temperature by the linear equation and quadratic polynomial, respectively. Vapor pressure data of propyl cinnamate were determined by the ebulliometric method at 419.15–559.15 K, and they are in accordance with the Antoine equation. The vaporization enthalpy  $\Delta_{\text{vap}}H(T_b)$  of propyl cinnamate at normal boiling point was attained based on the Clausius–Clapeyron equation. The standard enthalpy of vaporization  $\Delta_{\text{vap}}H(298.15 \text{ K})$  was calculated by the Othmer method and verified by the Watson relation.



## INTRODUCTION

Physicochemical properties of compounds play crucial roles for their applications.<sup>1</sup> Among them, density is an important characteristic of substances which can monitor product quality<sup>2</sup> and is also essential in the calculation of chemical processes.<sup>3,4</sup> Vapor pressure, a fundamental physicochemical property of substances, is also indispensable in plenty of significant applications, such as the distillation process and two-phase reactions.<sup>5–7</sup> Furthermore, the vaporization enthalpy, being able to obtain from vapor pressure data, is one of the important thermodynamic data required for the calculation, analysis, and design of chemical processes.<sup>8</sup> Heat capacity values are characteristic data related to the structure of substances, and can be widely applied to chemical engineering, energy, and material engineering.<sup>9</sup> For instance, standard Gibbs energy change of a reaction can be calculated by heat capacity, enthalpy, and entropy.<sup>10–12</sup> Therefore, it is necessary to make efforts to carry out extensive research concerning these fundamental physicochemical properties.

Propyl cinnamate (propyl 3-phenyl-2-acrylate, CAS 7778-83-8) has a fruit aroma and can be available as a spice for the preparation of beverages, candy, food, and cosmetics. Cinnamic acid and its esters are often used as synthetic raw materials for plant growth regulators and expected to be alternatives for synthetic pesticides because of their repellent or insecticidal activity. In addition, they were also reported as antimicrobial agents.<sup>13,14</sup> Unfortunately, only limited data for the vapor pressure<sup>15,16</sup> and density<sup>15,17</sup> of propyl cinnamate are available. In addition, other thermodynamic properties such as heat capacity and enthalpy of vaporization of propyl cinnamate were not mentioned in the literature studies.

Consequently, this study mainly laid emphasis on investigating the density, vapor pressure, and heat capacity of propyl cinnamate at different temperatures. The experimental values obtained were regressed or correlated as functions of temperature. The enthalpy of vaporization of propyl cinnamate at normal boiling point was calculated according to the Clausius–Clapeyron equation. In addition, the standard enthalpy of evaporation, namely,  $\Delta_{\text{vap}}H(298.15 \text{ K})$ , of propyl cinnamate was estimated by the Othmer method with  $\alpha$ -methyl cinnamaldehyde, methyl benzoate, and ethyl cinnamate as reference substances. Ultimately, the Watson relation was utilized to further verify the accuracy of the  $\Delta_{\text{vap}}H(298.15 \text{ K})$  values estimated.

## EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

The experimental installations and procedures performed in attaining data were introduced in some literature studies. In this section, details are provided as a simple description.

**Materials.** Propyl cinnamate was purchased from Shanghai Macklin Biochemical Co., Ltd. and the sample specification is listed in Table 1. After purification by vacuum distillation, the purity was measured by gas chromatography (GC) which is equipped with a flame ionization detector (FID) using the area correction normalization method, and the purity of the sample

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## Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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